Identifiers and Repositories

hussein suleman uct cs honours 2009

Features of (Good) Identifiers

- Must uniquely name digital objects and/or metadata.
 - e.g., ISBN numbers
- Must be unique within global/local domain.
 - e.g., Email addresses
- May have scheme associated to indicate source or naming convention.
 - e.g., webpage URLs http://something ...

Example Repository

Identifier	MetadataX	DC
Proverb/1	ld: P1	Source: Africa
	Data: D1	Type: Proverb
		Identifier: D1
Proverb/2	Id: P2	Creator: Albert Einstein
	Data: D2	Type: Quotation
		Identifier: D2

Identifier	Data
D1	When an old man dies, a library burns down
D2	Imagination is more important than knowledge

Conceptual Model



Storage Models

- Generalisation of database.
- Collection of metadata records.
 - in XML or other flat files
 - in database BLOBs
 - in columns of database tables
 - embedded in digital objects
- Abstract interface to data collection.
 - no concept of how (meta)data is stored.
 - think distributed file systems.
 - think NFS for remote file systems.

Repository Access Protocol (RAP)

- A repository can be defined as a networkaccessible server.
- RAP specifies a simple interface to access and manage digital objects in a repository.
- RAP is an abstract model, with concrete implementations in Dienst, OpenDLib, OAI, ODL, Fedora, etc.
- This is usually referred to as the "Kahn/Wilensky architecture".
 - does Kahn ring any bells?

RAP Operations

ACCESS_DO

Return a manifestation (dissemination) of a digital object based on its identifier and a specification of what service is being requested.

DEPOSIT_DO

Submit a digital object to the repository, assigning or specifying an identifier for it.

ACCESS_REF

 List services and their access mechanisms for the repository.

RAP: Naming of Digital Objects

- Each digital object must have a locationindependent name (handle), made up of a repository identifier and a local name.
 - Example:
 - berkeley.cs/csd-93-712
 - where berkeley.cs is the repository and csd-93-712 refers to a technical report.

Handles are resolved by a handle server to redirect a service provider to a repository containing an object identified only by its location-independent handle.

Handle Servers

- A handle server stores the association between handles and physical locations of objects.
- Handle servers follow a DNS model:
 - they are distributed and replicated
 - there are global and local servers
 - handles may be cached locally after being resolved to minimise resolution traffic
 - management of servers/handles requires an authority system for management, accountability, delegation, etc.

Handle Example



THE ACM DIGITAL LIBRARY

ᢪ <u>Feedback</u> <u>Report a problem</u> <u>Satisfaction survey</u>

Going digital: a look at assumptions underlying digital libraries

 Full text
 Pdf (220 KB)

 Source
 Communications of the ACM archive

 Volume 38 , Issue 4 (April 1995) table of contents
 Pages: 77 - 84

 Year of Publication: 1995
 ISSN:0001-0782

Authors David M. Levy Xerox PARC, Palo Alto, CA Catherine C. Marshall Texas A&M Univ., College Station

Publisher ACM Press New York, NY, USA

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DOI Bookmark:	Use this link to bookmark this Article: <u>http://doi.acm.org/10.1145/205323.205346</u> <u>What is a DOI?</u>

Digital Object Identifiers (DOIs)

- DOIs are a standardised implementation of the handle concept.
- Handles/DOIs are URIs that refer to digital objects while URLs are URIs that refer to network services.
- Handle/DOI resolution can be performed transparently using a browser plug-in.



Other repository models

- FEDORA (Flexible Extensible Digital Object and Repository Architecture) defines a generic interface to manage digital objects at a lower layer in an information system.
- SODA (Smart Objects Dumb Archive) packages digital objects into buckets containing the data along with the code to mediate access, display the objects, enforce rights, etc.

Institutional Repositories

- Green Route" for **Open Access**
- Archiving of research-related documents.
- User interface to locate and access documents (Web-based).
- Administration interface to maintain archive.
- Ability for users to submit documents.
- Ability for authorities to review and accept submissions.

Criteria for Software

- Preservation does the software support long-term maintenance of documents?
- Security how can we be certain that the system cannot be circumvented?
- Stability will it die when we need it most at the end of year/semester?
- Interoperability will it connect into other systems such as the library ILS or the NDLTD Union Catalog?
- Standards-compliance what does it adhere to?
- Cost does it?
- Hardware what do we need to run the software?
- Support how much staffing do we need to run it?

EPrints

- Software to archive electronic pre-prints of journal/ conference proceedings, but easily adaptable to any OA need.
- Perl Web server scripts and Mysql database, plus a few Perl libraries.
- Needs a bit of effort for initial installation and customisation but has a slick user interface.
- Active user community in many different areas, especially Open Access.
- Modifying the software can be tricky.

EPrints 2 Interface

ETD Individuals Home || About || Browse || Search || Register || User Area || Help NDLTD Year: 2002 Number of records: 9 Niefer, Dr. Inge Andrea (2002) Analysis of the visitors' profile of the islands Ilha do Superagüi e Ilha do Mel - Marketing as an instrument for sustainable tourism. UNSPECIFIED, Federal University of Paraná, Brazil. Mellert, Dipl.-Phys. Karolin (2002) Aufbau einer Interferenzlithografie-Anlage zur Herstellung photonischer Kristalle. UNSPECIFIED, University of Bonn, Germany. Eraßme, Dr. Rolf (2002) Der Mensch und die 'Künstliche Intelligenz' Eine Profilierung und kritische Bewertung der unterschiedlichen Grundauffassungen vom Standpunkt des gemäßigten Realismus. UNSPECIFIED, www.rwth-aachen.de. Reves Rodríguez, PhD Ricardo (2002) DEVELOPMENT AND DIFFERENTIATION OF THE VERTEBRATE PITUITARY GLAND., UNSPECIFIED, University of La Laguna. Gennari, R. (2002) Mapping Inferences.

Constraint Propagation and Diamond Satisfaction. UNSPECIFIED, Institute of Logic, Language and Information (ILLC), Universiteit van Amsterdam.

Meier, Dr. Michael (2002) Returning Science to the Scientists. Der Umbruch im STM-Fachzeitschriftenmarkt durch Electronic Publishing. UNSPECIFIED, Ludwig-Maximilinas-Universität München.

Petit, Dr Frédéric (2002) Reverberation Chamber Modeling Using Finite-Difference Time-Domain Method. UNSPECIFIED, University of Marne la Vallée.

EPrints 3 Interface

Hussein's Space

Home About Browse by Year Browse by Subject	
Login Create Account	Search

test document

suleman, hussein (2006) test document. PhD thesis, UCT.



Abstract

test abstract

ltem Type:	Thesis (PhD)
Subjects:	Q Science > QA Mathematics > QA75 Electronic computers. Computer science
ID Code:	1
Deposited By:	Unnamed user with email <u>hussein@cs.uct.ac.za</u>
Deposited On:	22 Apr 2007 00:27
Last Modified:	22 Apr 2007 00:56

Description of a contraction of the second second

eprints

DSpace

- DSpace was developed by Hewlett-Packard for MIT to manage its institutional repositories, but it is open source and free for anyone else to use.
- Has the backing of a professional software development company, and an open source community.
- Based on Java servlets, Postgres database, Java libraries.
- Widespread use for many different purposes.
- Easiest package to run on Windows (besides Greenstone)!

DSpace Interface



Manakin – DSpace Customisation

Login



Search DSpace

Advanced Search

All of DSpace
 Communities

Titles

<u>Authors</u>
 Subjects

By Dates

My Account

Login

Register

& Collections

Go

Browse

DSpace Home

DSpace Manakin is Live

Welcome to our new Manakin interface to the DSpace digital repository of My University.

More exciting news to appear here.

Search DSpace

Enter some text in the box below to search DSpace.

Go

Communities in DSpace

Select a community to browse its collections.

Fedora

- Fedora is a digital asset management system.
- It provides only a repository with a Web Services interface – other tools need to be layered on Fedora.
- It is argued that it has the best architecture and is most scalable of all systems.
- Fez and Vital/Valet are some IR tools built on top of Fedora.
- Fez is new and shows much promise, but still quite unproven.

Fez + Fedora



🔍 Search

Search help

Use Advanced Search to search by multiple criteria

心 Browse

<u>by Communities & Collections</u> | <u>by Subject</u> | <u>by Year</u> | <u>by</u> <u>Author</u> | <u>by Latest additions</u>

📸 Recently Added Items

(No publicly viewable items published in the last week)

Fez is Hussein's Space's institutional digital repository for publications, research, and teaching materials. Deposited material covers a very wide range of subjects and disciplines. The repository holds the full text of many peer-reviewed published articles and conference papers, as well as book chapters, theses and other forms of written research from HS academic staff and postgraduate students. It contains working and discussion papers, technical reports and some preprints. Research datasets, sound and image collections, multimedia, software and other forms of research data are also held. Learning objects and other course-related materials are welcome.

Fez provides free, searchable access to openly available HS research, publications and teaching materials and manages their long-term archiving. HS staff and students must log in to deposit materials.

Fez is running on Fez software. Fez is part of a wider project entitled <u>eScholarshipUQ</u>, which is the local testbed for the Australian Partnership

Greenstone

- Well-known open source digital library software, funded largely by UNESCO for digital libraries in third-world countries.
- Good support for compression and full-text indexing of documents.
- Alas, it does not support submission of documents – only works for reasonably static collections
 - Not really suitable for ongoing management of documents.
 - Research has been done on making it IR-aware next version (4.0?) may be different ...

Greenstone



Research 1/2

Import metadata/files into DSpace

- Student assignment to migrate metadata/content.
- Based completely on OAI-PMH interface.
- All 15 groups replicated basic EPrints functionality in DSpace with same data set.
- Higher-level services to enhance basic services provided by EPrints/DSpace/Greenstone
 - Ongoing work into component-based digital libraries...
- DSpace<->EPrints<->Greenstone Interoperability
 - Ongoing work in/among different groups.
- Study of usability of IR software
 - to make it easier for more widespread adoption

Research 2/2

New architectures for digital libraries:

- Components (ODL, SODA, OpenDLib, Dienst)
- Grid computing (DILIGENT)
- Cluster computing (FDL)
- Peer-to-Peer computing (OCKHAM)

Preservation:

- Lots of Copies Keeps Stuff Safe
- Trustworthy Digital Objects

Rights Management:

- OAI-Rights
- Creative Commons SA/...

References

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- Fedora
 - http://www.fedora.info/
- EPrints
 - http://www.eprints.org/
- DSpace
 - http://www.dspace.org/
- Greenstone
 - http://www.greenstone.org