Please fill in your Student Number and Name.	
Student Number :	Student Number:

Name:

# University of Cape Town ~ Department of Computer Science Computer Science 1016S ~ 2008 Supplementary Test 2

Question	Max	Mark	Internal	External
1	8			
2	14			
3	8			
TOTAL	30			

Marks: 30

Time : 40 minutes

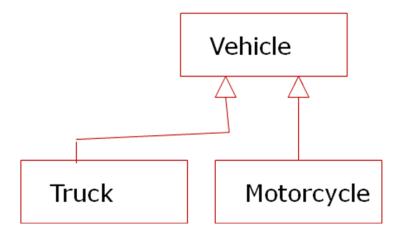
**Instructions:** 

a) Answer all questions.

b) Write your answers in the space provided.

c) Show all calculations where applicable.

# Question 1: UML, Inheritance, and Polymorphism [8]



# Use the above UML diagram to answer the following questions

a) How are the classes related?	[2]
b) Which statements below are valid?	[2]
<ul><li>i) Truck t = new Vehicle();</li></ul>	
<ul><li>ii) Vehicle v = new Truck();</li></ul>	
iii) Motorcycle m1 = new Vehicle();	
<pre>iv) Motorcycle m2 = new Truck();</pre>	
c) What is Polymorphism and why do we need it?	[2]
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	sing Polymorphism, define a method, called ride() with an array argument that can accept ruck and Motorcycle.
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### **Question 2: Sort and Interface [14 marks]**

### Use the following code snippet to answer question 2

```
1.public class SelectionSort2
3.
      public static void sort(double[] a, int numberUsed)
      {
          int index, indexOfNextLargest;
          index=numberUsed-1;
7.
         while (index > 0)
8.
              indexOfNextLargest = indexOfLargest(index, a, numberUsed);
9.
              interchange(index,indexOfNextLargest, a);
10.
                       index = index -1;
11.
          }
12.
13.
       private static int indexOfLargest(int startIndex,
                                    double[] a, int numberUsed)
14.
15.
            double max = a[startIndex];
16.
            int indexOfMax = startIndex;
17.
            int index = startIndex - 1;
18.
            while (index > -1) {
            if (a[index] > max)
19.
20.
21.
                   max = a[index];
22.
                   indexOfMax = index;
23.
24.
               index = index -1;
25.
            }
26.
           return indexOfMax;
27. }
28. private static void interchange(int i, int j, double[] a)
29. {
         double temp;
30.
        temp = a[i];
31.
         a[i] = a[j];
32.
         a[j] = temp; //original value of a[i]
33.}
34.
       public static void main(String[] args)
        double[] b = \{4, 17, 5.4, 21, 15, 14, 43\};
35.{
36.
         System.out.println("Array content before sorting:");
37.
         int i;
38.
         for (i = 0; i < b.length; i++)
```

39.	<pre>System.out.print(b[i] + " ");</pre>	
40.	<pre>System.out.println("");</pre>	
41.	sort(b, b.length);	
42.	<pre>System.out.println("Array content after sorting:");</pre>	
43.	for (i = 0; i < b.length; i++)	
44.	<pre>System.out.print(b[i] + " ");</pre>	
45.}		
46.}		
10.		
a) W	hat output is generated by running this class?	[4]
<i>a)</i> •••	nat output is generated by running this class:	[ד]
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b) W	That is the complexity of the sort (i.e. on average, how many comparisons does the sort nee	d to
	range an array of N elements?)	[2]
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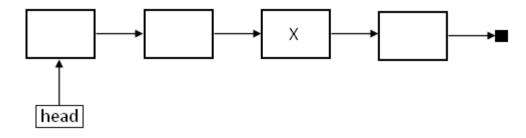
Give a code	example o	of how to d	lefine a cl	ass that in	plements	the Compa	arable inte	erface [4]
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## **Question 3: Data Structures [8]**

Consider the following partial definition of a linked list.

```
public class LinkedList
{
    private class Node
    {
        private String item;
        private Node link;

        public Node(String newItem, Node linkValue)
        {
            item = newItem;
            link = linkValue;
        }
      }//End of Node inner class
    private Node head;
...
}
```



a) Using code snippets and diagrams show the following.

i) how to add the data "apples" to the head of the list	[2
ii) how to remove the head node from the list	[2
iii) how to remove the third element of a list (X in the diagram)	[2

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State what changes need to be made to convert such a linked list into a queue.	[2]
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b)